Problem 3—Uruk Runes

Modern anthropologists have found a number of ancient buildings inscribed in Uruk Runes. In particular, they see one letter more than any other, the Uruk letter roughly corresponding to our "M." Perhaps this letter stands for something or someone important; no one really knows. In any event, this letter appears in various sizes, which you will now emulate.

INPUT SPECIFICATION. The input file will consist a number of unsigned positive integers (representing sizes) preceded, followed, and separated by any number of spaces and or **<EOLN>**'s. The last integer is zero, which is not to be processed, but merely signifies the end of input.

OUTPUT SPECIFICATION. The output cases should appear in the same relative order as the input cases. A full specification would be pointless; just follow the example below to draw the letter in the specified size. Note that each letter is followed by an extra **<EOLN>**.

SAMPLE INPUT.

1<EOLN> 2<EOLN> 3<EOLN> 0<EOLN> <EOF>

SAMPLE OUTPUT.

$ \setminus / $ <eoln></eoln>	$ \setminus \cdots / < eoln >$
/ < eoln>	$ \cdot \setminus \cdot \cdot / \cdot $ <eoln></eoln>
· · <eoln></eoln>	$ \cdot\cdot < eoln>$
· · <eoln></eoln>	$ \cdot\cdot/ackslash$ + (<eoln></eoln>
<eoln></eoln>	$ \cdot / \cdot \cdot \setminus \cdot $ <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot \cdot \cdot / < eoln>$	$ / \cdots \rangle < eoln >$
$ \cdot / \cdot < eoln>$	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot/ \cdot $ <eoln></eoln>	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ / \cdot \cdot \cdot < eoln>$	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot < \text{EOLN} >$	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot < \text{EOLN} >$	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot \cdot \cdot < EOLN >$	· · · · · <eoln></eoln>
$ \cdot \cdot \cdot < EOLN >$	<eoln></eoln>
<eoln></eoln>	<eof></eof>