### Problem 1—Scatter Point Plot

This problem deals with generating a plot of points that fit on the display screen. The Y axis is vertical and contains 20 lines (one Y value for each row); the X axis is horizontal and contains 12 positions (each X value takes 5 columns). Using the output file, character display a X,Y plot including grid lines and axis labelling as shown in the sample below. Print Y-values right-justified in a field of width 4 ans with `:' in column number five. None of the lines in the output file may contain trailing blanks. That is, every line will end with the last non-blank character in it.

### **INPUT SPECIFICATION.**

The first line will contain a nonnegative integer representing the lowest X value, one space, a positive integer representing the difference between consecutive X-values and **<EOLN>**. The second line is formatted the same as the first but contains the corresponding information about the Y-values. Following the second line will be any number of lines containing two integers separated by a comma and followed by **<EOLN>** representing an (X,Y) value that needs to be plotted. The first integer is the X-value; the second is the Y-value. This list is terminated by **<EOF>**. Note that this input file will contain only one data case to be processed.

## **OUTPUT SPECIFICATION.**

Each point read in must be rounded to the nearest displayed X- and Y-value. If a value falls halfway between two X- or Y-values, it is to be rounded up. If only one X,Y value falls at a particular point display the character 1. If two X,Y values fall at a particular point display the character 2; if three X,Y values fall at a particular point display the character 3; etc. If no X,Y value falls on a point do not print a number there at all.

In case that there were ten or more X,Y values falling at a point, the numbers have to be *centered* on the cross-marks in the following way:

The X-axis labels are to be centered the same way. The Y-axis labels are to be right-justified as described above.

# SAMPLE INPUT.

100.50<EOLN>
0.5<EOLN>
100,20<EOLN>
101,22<EOLN>
100,0<EOLN>
100,0<EOLN>
100,3<EOLN>
649,0<EOLN>
649,3<EOLN>
647,2<EOLN>
500,85<EOLN>
206,21<EOLN>
325,43<EOLN>
612,8<EOLN>
129,19<EOLN>

## **SAMPLE OUTPUT.**

501,83**<EOLN>** 

<EOF>

··35:< <b>EOLN&gt;</b>
··30: <eoln></eoln>
··25:····1 <eoln></eoln>
··20:···2···1< <b>EOLN</b> >
··15: <eoln></eoln>
··10:·····1< <b>EOLN&gt;</b>
5:11 <eoln></eoln>
···0:···1·····2 <eoln></eoln>
····+++ <eoln></eoln>
······100··150··200··250··300··350··400··450··500··550··600··650 <b><eoln< b="">:</eoln<></b>
<eof></eof>