

## Problem 6—Power Crisis

During the power crisis in New Zealand this winter (caused by a shortage of rain and hence low levels in the hydro dams), a contingency scheme was developed to turn off the power to areas of the country in a systematic, totally fair, manner. The country was divided up into  $N$  regions (Auckland was region number 1, and Wellington number 13). A number,  $m$ , would be picked “at random,” and the power would first be turned off in region 1 (clearly the fairest starting point) and then in every  $m$ th region after that, wrapping around to 1 after  $N$ , and ignoring regions already turned off. For example, if  $N = 17$  and  $m = 5$ , power would be turned off to the regions in the order: 1,6,11,16,5,12,2,9,17,10,4,15,14,3,8,13,7.

The problem is that it is clearly fairest to turn off Wellington last (after all, that is where the Electricity headquarters are), so for a given  $N$ , the “random” number  $m$  needs to be carefully chosen so that region 13 is the last region selected.

Write a program that will read in the number of regions and then determine the smallest number  $m$  that will ensure that Wellington (region 13) can function while the rest of the country is blacked out.

**INPUT SPECIFICATION.** Input will consist of a series of lines, each line containing the number of regions ( $N$ ) with  $13 \leq N \leq 100$ , followed by **<EOLN>**. The file will be terminated by a line consisting of a 0**<EOLN>**.

**OUTPUT SPECIFICATION.** Output will consist of a series of lines, one for each line of the input. Each line will consist of the number  $m$  according to the above scheme, followed by **<EOLN>**.

### **SAMPLE INPUT.**

```
17<EOLN>
99<EOLN>
0<EOLN>
<EOF>
```

### **SAMPLE OUTPUT.**

```
7<EOLN>
15<EOLN>
<EOF>
```